

Neuse River ^[1]

Share it now!



Neuse River



Hairr, John. 2004. "The Neuse River near Fort Barnwell in Craven County."

by Elizabeth Bayley, 2006

Neuse River is formed in western [Durham County](#) ^[2] by the junction of the Eno and Flat Rivers. It flows southeast along the [Durham County](#) ^[2]–[Granville County](#) ^[3] and [Durham County](#)–[Wake County](#) ^[4] lines, eventually passing through [Wake](#), [Johnston](#) ^[5], [Wayne](#) ^[6], [Lenoir](#) ^[7], and [Craven](#) ^[8] Counties. The river then flows along the border between [Craven](#) and [Pamlico](#) ^[9] Counties and [Carteret](#) ^[10] and [Pamlico](#) Counties before draining into Pamlico Sound.

The Neuse River was named by English explorer [Arthur Barlowe](#) ^[11] in 1584 for the Neusiok (meaning “peace”) Indians; the [Tuscarora Indians](#) ^[12] called it Gow-ta-no, or “pine in water.” The river’s entire 195-mile length is encompassed by North Carolina; the size of its watershed measures 6,235 square miles. In addition to flowing through seven counties, the Neuse River Basin encompasses 73 municipalities, including [Durham](#) ^[13], Kinston, Goldsboro, Smithfield, [Raleigh](#) ^[14], and New Bern. In the early 2000s the region had a population of more than 1.2 million.

The Neuse River has faced various environmental threats, most notably hog waste. Groups such as the Neuse River Foundation continue to work with government and other private groups to ensure the health of the river. Many ancient artifacts have been discovered on the shores and in the waters of the Neuse River, the most notable being the *CSS Neuse*, built by the Confederate navy, which was burned and sunk in 1865. The remains of the ship were raised in 1963 and are now on display at the [Governor Caswell Memorial](#) ^[15] in Kinston, a North Carolina State Historic Site.

Reference:

Chris Powell, "The Fight for the River of Peace," *Wildlife in North Carolina* 63 (November 1999).

Image credit:

Hairr, John. 2004. "The Neuse River near Fort Barnwell in Craven County."

Subjects:

[Rivers](#) ^[16]

[UNC Press](#) ^[17]

Authors:

[Bayley, Elizabeth](#) ^[18]

Origin - location:

[Craven County](#) ^[19]

[Johnston County](#) ^[20]

[Lenoir County](#) ^[21]

[Wayne County](#) ^[22]

[Durham County](#) ^[23]

[Wake County](#) ^[24]

From:

[Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press.](#)^[25]

Source URL: <https://dev.ncpedia.org/rivers/neuse>

Links

- [1] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/rivers/neuse>
- [2] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/durham>
- [3] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/granville>
- [4] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/wake>
- [5] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/johnston>
- [6] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/wayne>
- [7] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/lenoir>
- [8] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/craven>
- [9] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/pamlico>
- [10] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/carteret>
- [11] <https://docsouth.unc.edu/nc/barlowe/bio.html>
- [12] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/american-indians/tuscarora>
- [13] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/durham-city>
- [14] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/geography/raleigh>
- [15] <http://www.nchistoricsites.org/neuse/neuse.htm>
- [16] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/subjects/rivers>
- [17] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/subjects/unc-press>
- [18] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/authors/bayley-elizabeth>
- [19] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-16>
- [20] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-11>
- [21] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-13>
- [22] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-12>
- [23] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/piedmont/d>
- [24] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/piedmont/w>
- [25] <https://dev.ncpedia.org/category/entry-source/encyclopedia->